

Diagnostic Imaging Challenges in Rare Cardiac Anomalies: A Case Study

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Case Study

Cardiac anomalies, though often rare, present significant diagnostic challenges due to their complex nature and the limitations of conventional imaging techniques. This case study examines a patient with a rare congenital cardiac anomaly, detailing the diagnostic process, imaging modalities utilized, and the clinical implications of the findings. A 45-year-old male presented with a history of exertional dyspnea and intermittent chest pain. The patient had no significant medical history and normal results in previous routine check-ups. Initial clinical evaluation, including ECG and echocardiography, suggested an unusual cardiac structure. Initial imaging with transthoracic echocardiography revealed an atypical cardiac morphology, prompting further investigation. Transesophageal echocardiography provided a clearer image of the cardiac chambers and valvular structures, suggesting a potential congenital anomaly. Cardiac magnetic resonance imaging was employed to obtain high-resolution images of the heart's anatomy and to assess myocardial tissue characteristics. It revealed a rare congenital malformation involving the right atrium and ventricle [1].

Computed tomography angiography was used to visualize the coronary arteries and confirm the absence of associated coronary anomalies. The imaging findings were consistent with a rare form of Ebstein's anomaly, characterized by the apical displacement of the tricuspid valve and atrialization of the right ventricle. This condition often leads to significant right heart dysfunction and can be associated with arrhythmias. The diagnostic process was complicated by the non-specific symptoms and the initial limitations of echocardiography in visualizing the full extent of the anomaly. Early and accurate diagnosis of rare cardiac anomalies is essential for guiding treatment decisions. In this case, advanced imaging techniques such as cardiac MRI and CTA played a pivotal role in confirming the diagnosis and assessing the severity of the condition. This underscores the importance of a multimodal imaging approach in the evaluation of complex cardiac anomalies. This case highlights the diagnostic challenges associated with rare cardiac anomalies and the critical role of advanced imaging modalities in overcoming these challenges. A comprehensive understanding of the strengths and limitations of each imaging technique is essential for accurate diagnosis and optimal patient management [2].

Keywords: Rare cardiac anomalies; Diagnostic imaging; Congenital heart defects

Conflict of Interest

None.

References

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